EVOLUTION OF SIEM AND SOAR

WE IMPROVE YOUR CYBERSECURITY



Lieuwe Jan Koning
Co-Founder and CTO
ON2IT



90% OF OUR CYBER BUDGET SHOULD FOCUS ON ENHANCING PREVENTION



WE ARE ON2IT



24/7/365

SOC











<1% CHURN >100 MONTHS 100% ZERO TRUST

Make

Zero Trust

Happen





SOC2 / ISO9001 / ISO27001



ZERO TRUST

The only Cybersecurity Strategy that prevents data breaches





The platform to deliver Zero Trust & to provide 99.999% automated event resolution





Our mSOC™, our Cyber Defenders





STRATEGIC

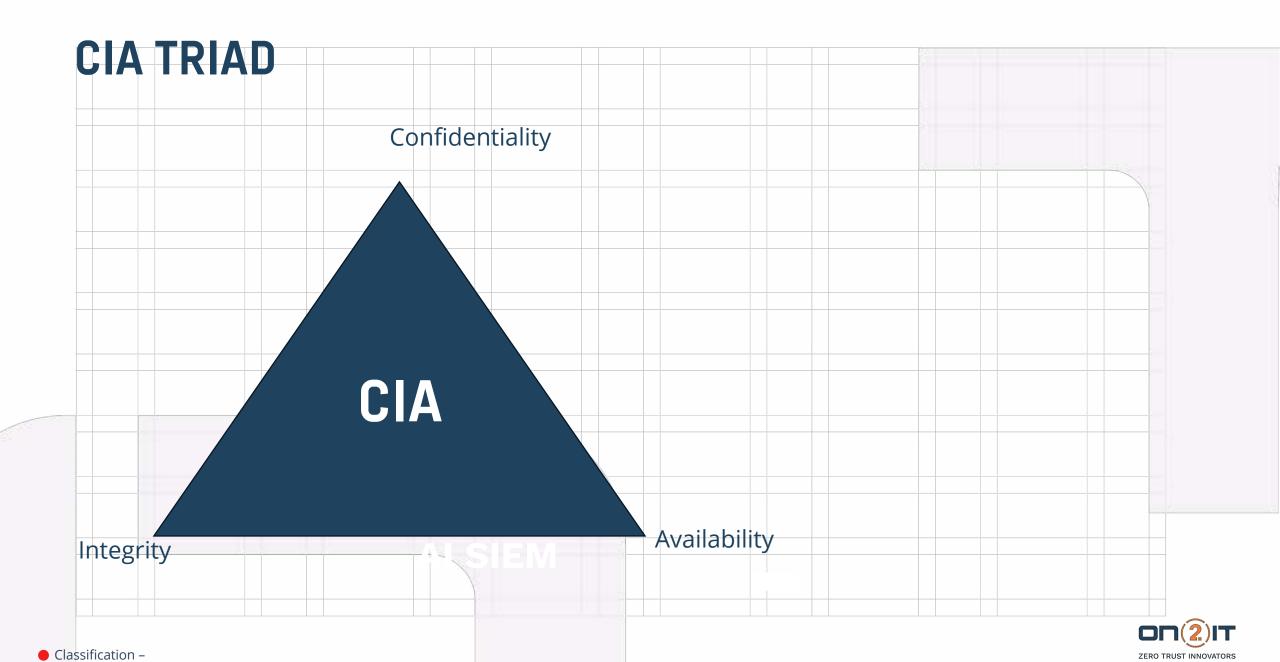
TACTICAL

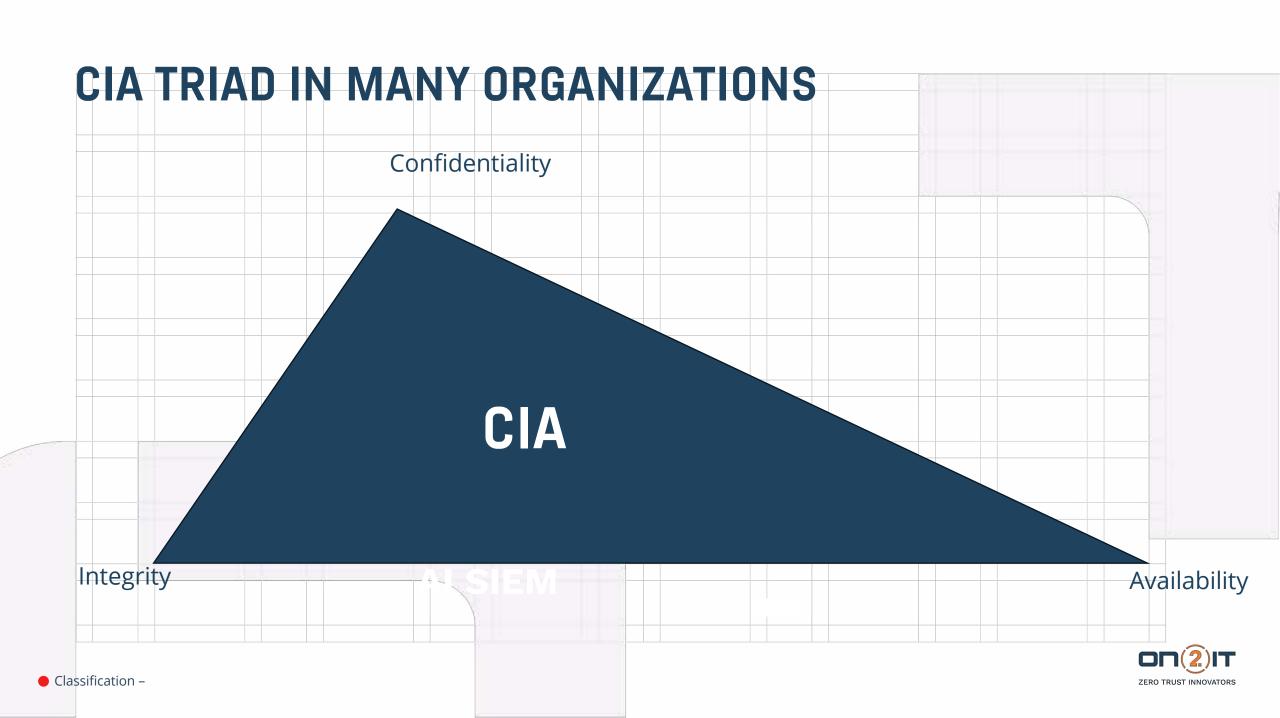
OPERATIONAL



EASIER TO KEEP UP? Top security initiatives of 2024 44% AI 35% Cloud security Keeping up with cybersecurity requirements 20% Security analytics over the past two years 2024 41% 13% 46% 2023 34% 13% 53% Easier No more difficult 2022 17% 18% 66% More difficult







Security is Tomorrows Availability



RESULT

- Must the IPS be in blocking mode?
- Should we do application based rules in the datacenter?
- Can we apply content updates continuously?
- Contractors get access to webmail
- Let's implement a DLP solution



SHOULD BE

- Do our top-10 applications have protection against all applicable attack techniques?
- Who needs access to application X?
- What do we do to prevent exfiltration of data?
- When do we have 0 applications without MFA?
- When do we have phishing-resistant MFA? (FIDO2/WebAuthn)
- Is our prevention compliant with DORA? NIS2?



WHAT WE PROCURE

- SIEM
- MDR
- Retainer / CSIRT
- A SOC service



"When we had our first breach, we had no idea what happened, we were helpless.

Then we implemented MDR and invested in a SIEM and a SOC.

When we got hacked recently, we knew exactly how we were breached.

We still got hacked."

- A CISO (who wishes to remain anonymous)

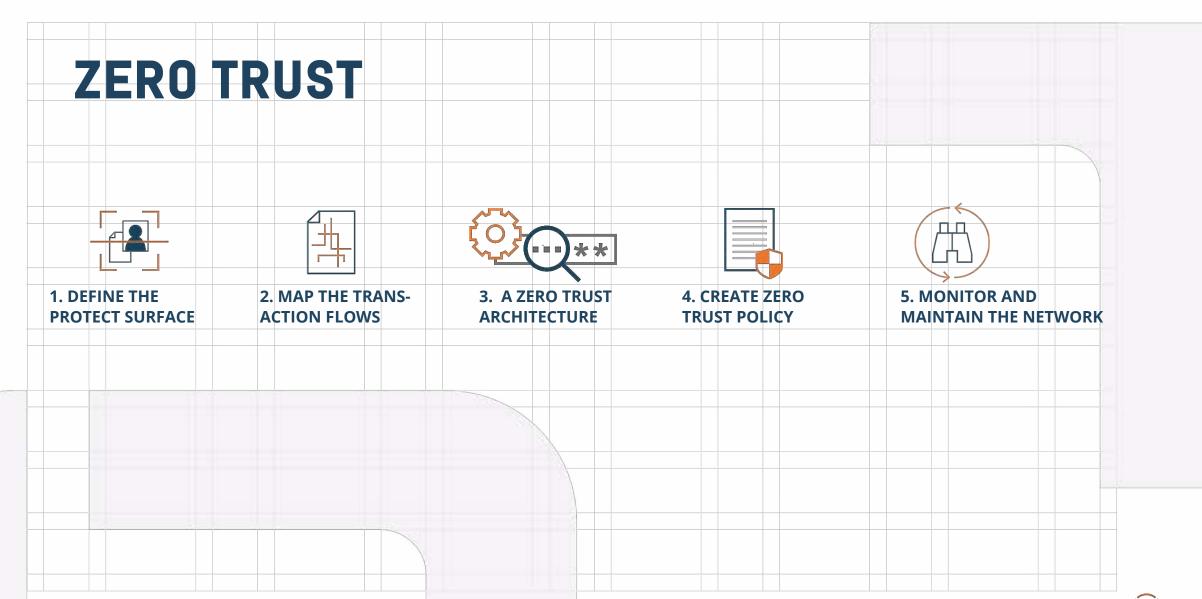




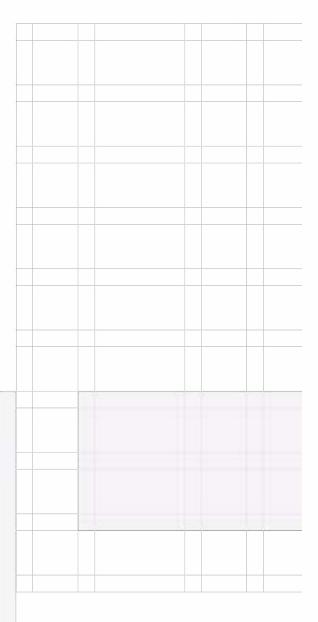
WHAT SHOULD WE DO?

- Let's Make Zero Trust Happen
- Role of SIEM + SOAR + SOC









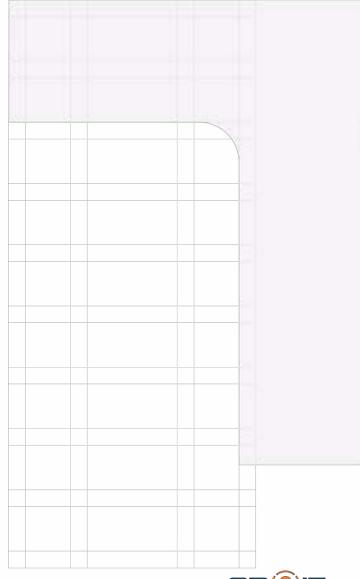
THE PRESIDENT'S NATIONAL SECURITY
TELECOMMUNICATIONS ADVISORY COMMITTEE



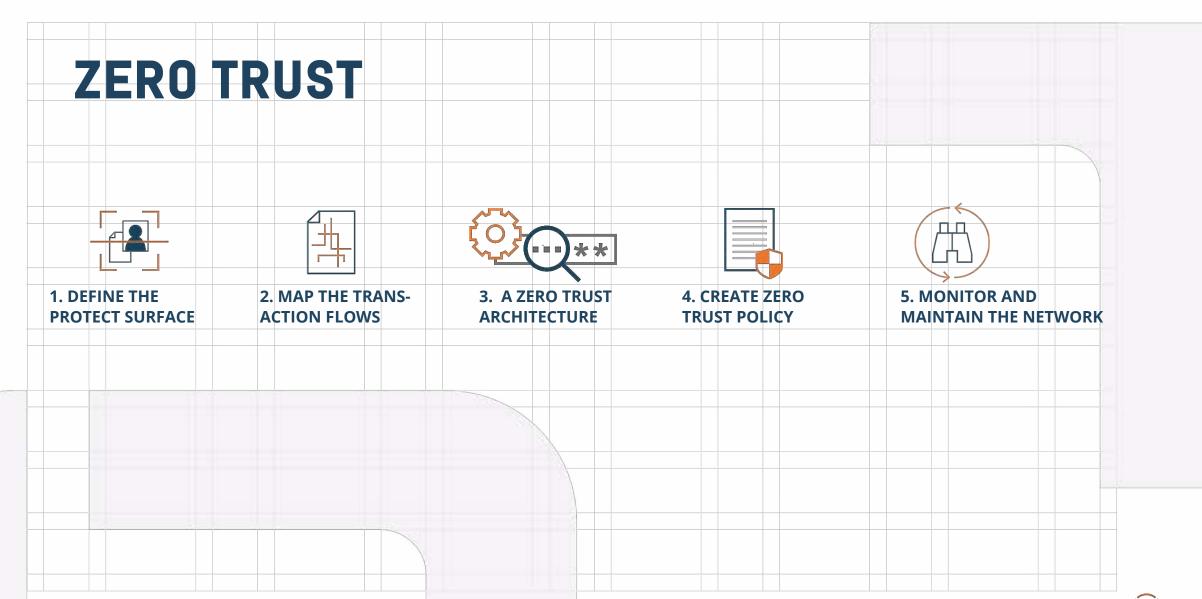
NSTAC REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

Zero Trust and Trusted Identity Management

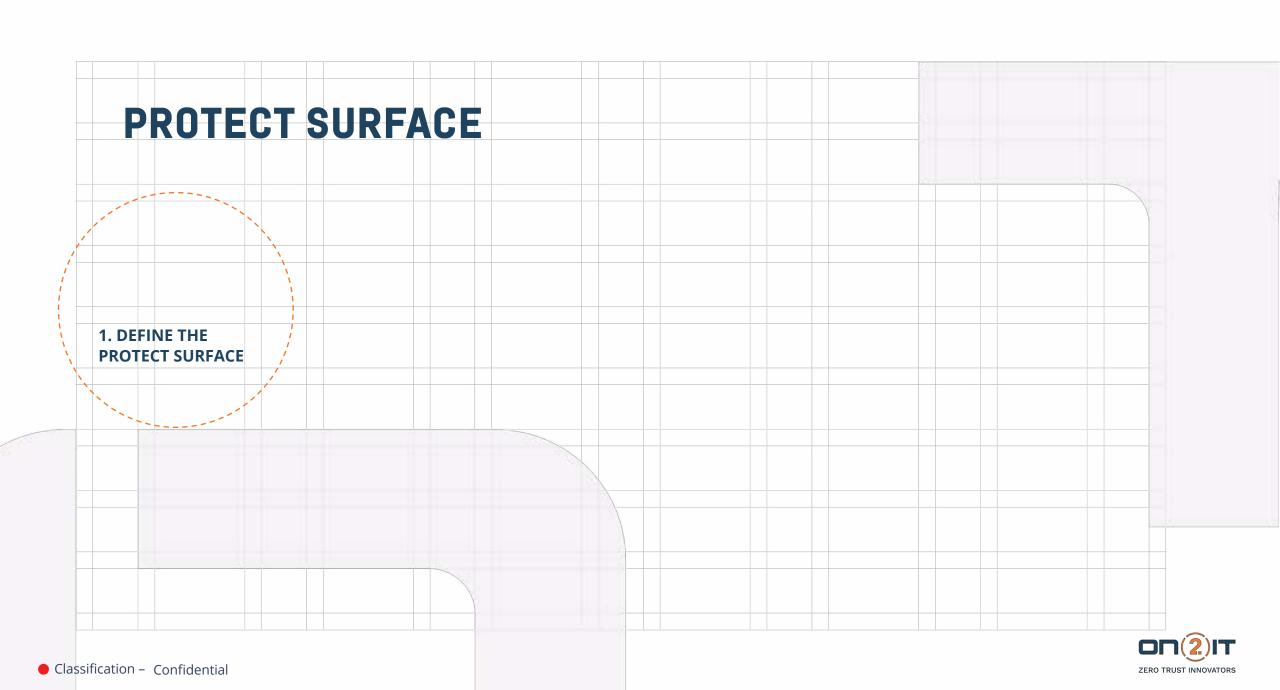
February 23, 2022



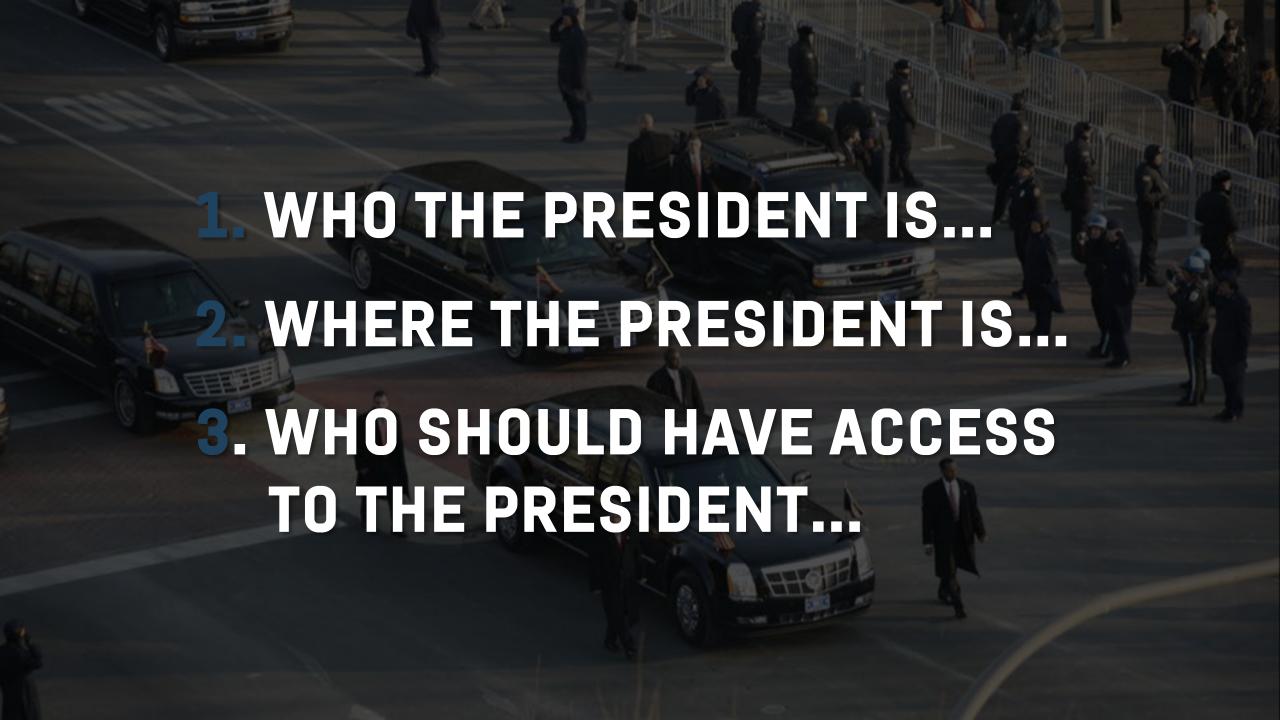


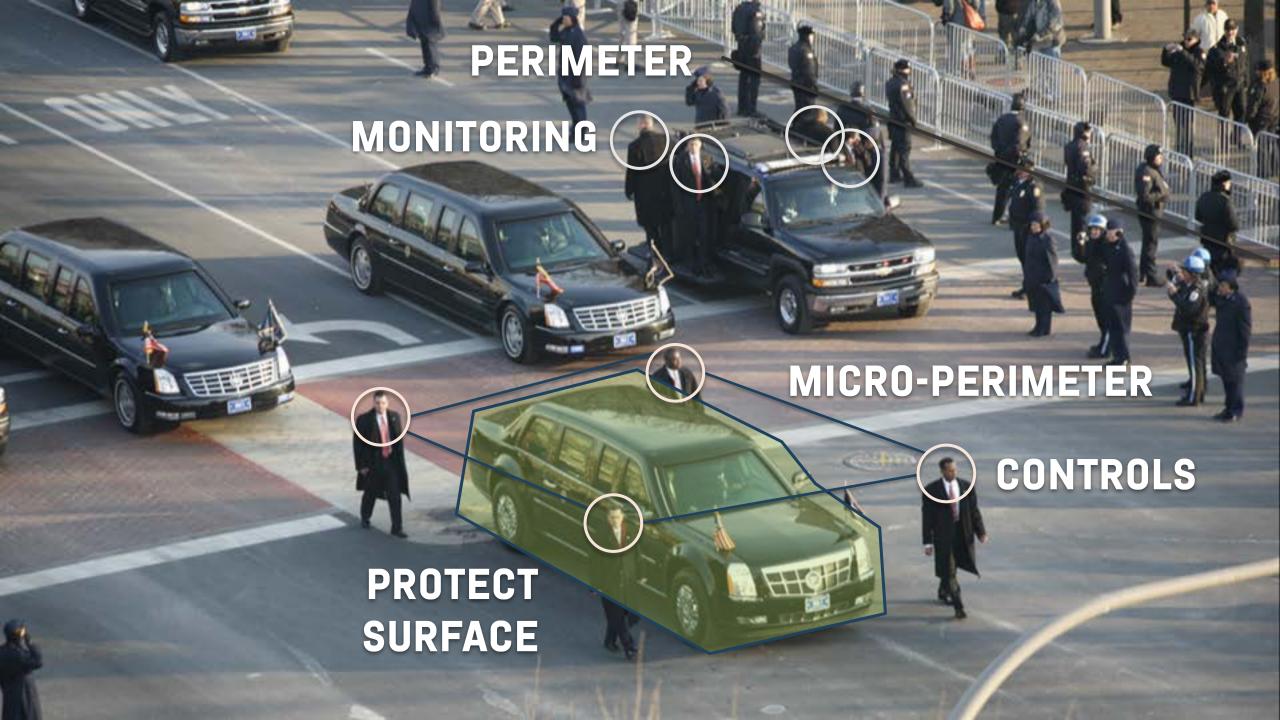




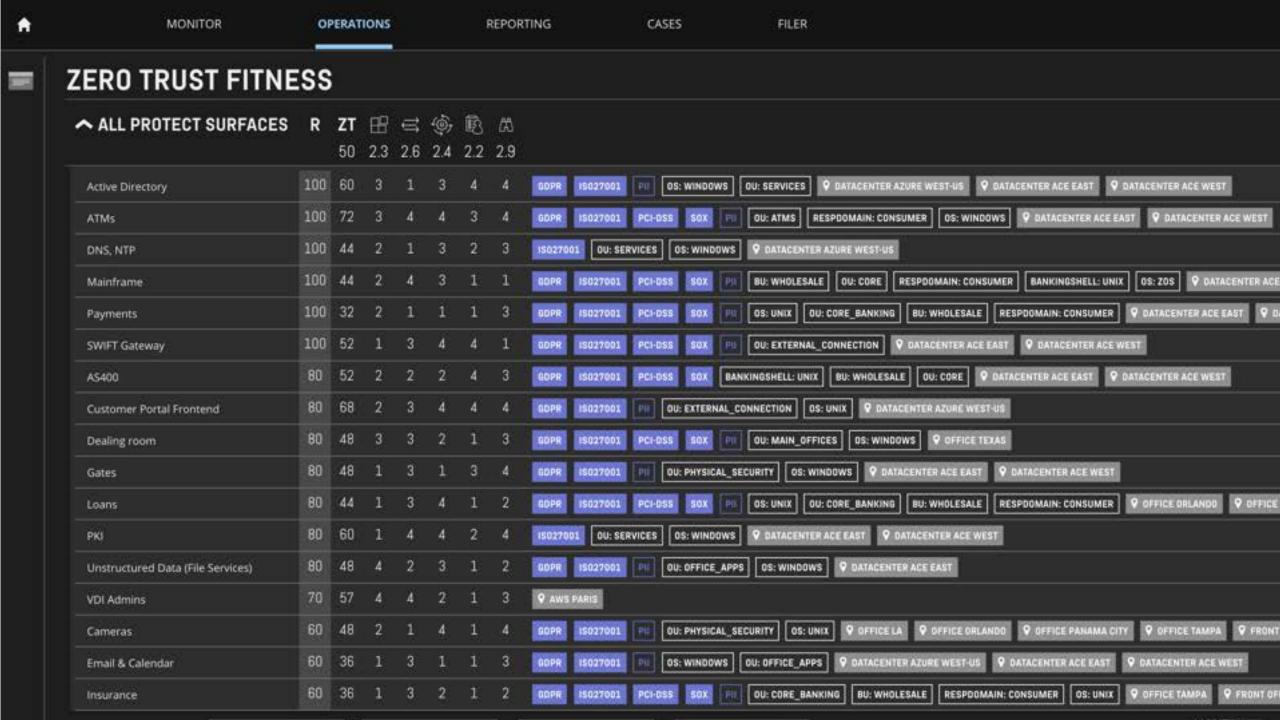


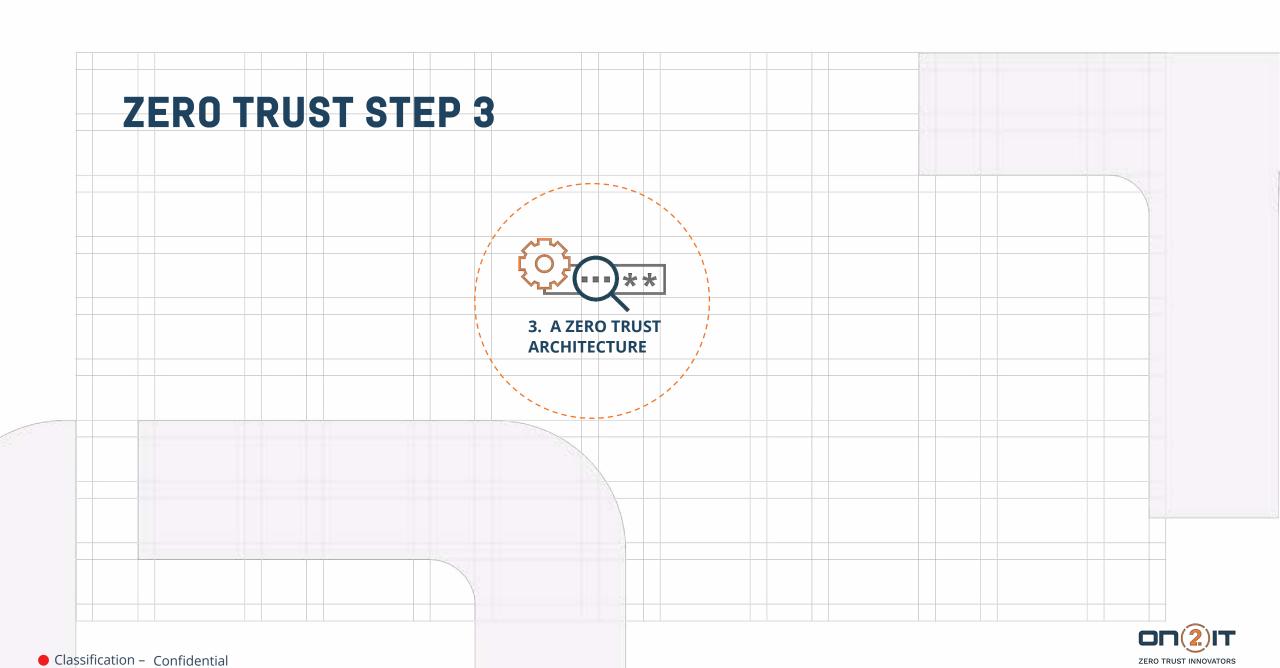












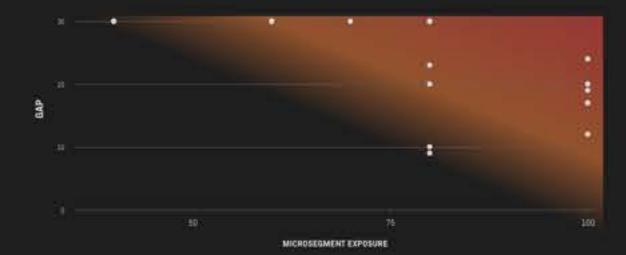
ZERO TRUST FITNESS

OPERATIONAL MATURITY GAPS



MICROSEGMENT EXPOSURE

Showing microsegment risk exposure by offsetting the scoped security-controls, that still require implementing, against the relevance ivalues of the microsegments to the organisations overall security.



Active & accepted security control . Active security control

Active with evidence

- Active without evidence (inconsted)
- Not implemented seccepted
- Active without evidence
- Mot implemented

Met applicable

TRAFFIC FLOWS

Average of all microsegments



DATA

Average of all microsegments



IAM / USER ID

Average of all microsegments



ENDPOINT

Average of all microsegments



ENCRYPTION

Average of all microsegments:



REPORTING

Average of all microsegments.



ATMS

National ATM machines

ÚS WINDOWS

Oct.AtMs Responsant Consumer

Segmentation

Segments are created to control traffic flows

Restricted outbound access

Dutbound access toutside security boundary) is strictly controlled

Credential Phishing prevention Users leaking credentials can be detected and prevented

DLP controls

Data leakage can be deterred. Classification

RBAC Bas User acces

MFA.

bruth for users

Centrally managed iAM

There is just one single source of

ed upon roles

Exploit Prevention

Endpoints are protected against exploits

Malware Prevention

Endpoints are protected against. malware

55L Inbound Decryption Decryption of traffic where you down the private key

SSL Outbound Decryption Decryption of traffic where you don't own the private key

KRI, KPI

Key risk and performance indicators are in place and used for improvement



Segmentation .

Segments are created to control traffic flows

Restricted outbound access Durbound access tourside security boundary) is strictly controlled

Restricted inbound access Per segment there are strict controls for inbound access

Application based/controlled Traffic policies are based on applications

Content-inspection All flowing traffic is impected 0DS/IPS)

URL based There are strict URL/URI policies in place.

Behavioral analytics Abnomalities on 'normal' flows can be detected

Credential Phishing prevention Users leaking credentials can be detected and prevented

DLP controls Data leakage can be deterred.

Classification Data is (and will be) classified

■ Discovery Data can be discovered and classified

Segmentation Every data/application has its own negment and is managed (CMDR)

Centrally managed iAM

^

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Multifactor authentication is being used

Auditable Every log-rule can be related to a Exploit Prevention

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Malware Prevention Endpoints are protected against. malware

Ransomware/Cryptolocker protection

Ransomware/cryptolockers can be detected and stopped

Central management Devices are centrally managed and controlled

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Decryption of traffic where you own the private key

SSL Outbound Decryption Decryption of traffic where you don't own the private key

Encryption at rest Data not being used is encrypted

Encryption in transit Data flowing through the network is encrypted.

KRI, KPI Key risk and performance indicators are in place and used for improvement

ACTIVE DIRECTORY

Active Directory domain

OU Services OS Windows

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Centrally managed IAM

There is just one single source of truth for users

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SWIFT GATEWAY

Segmentation

place.

Segments are created to control

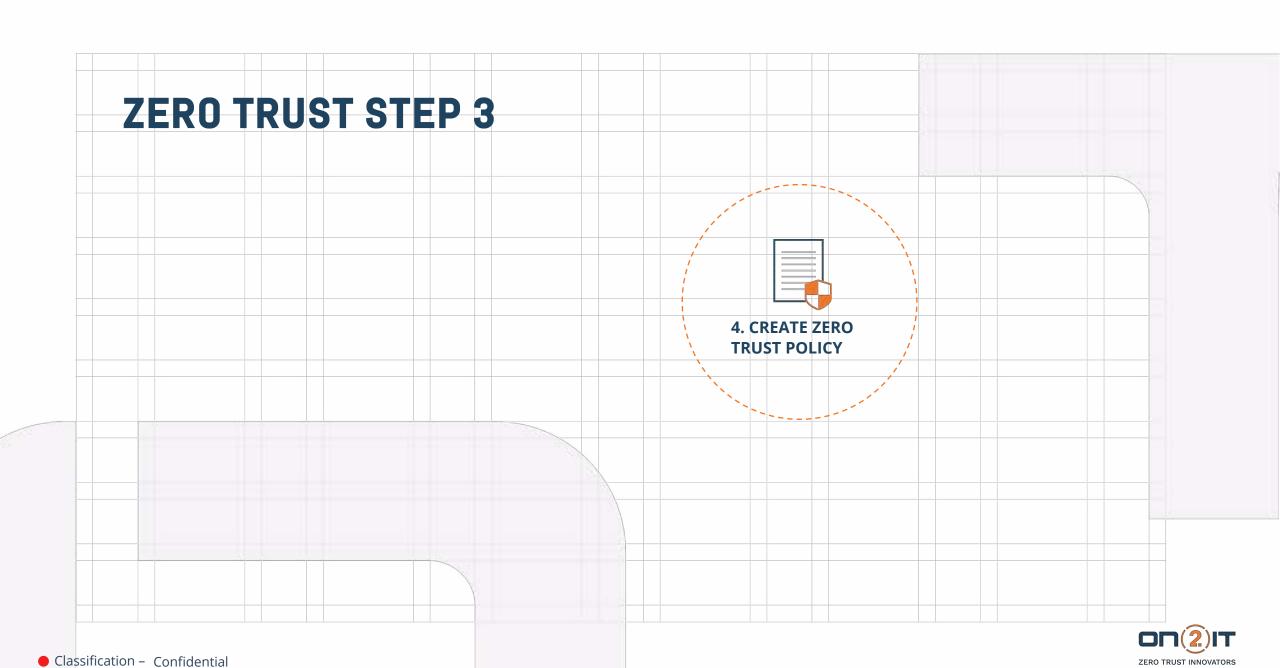
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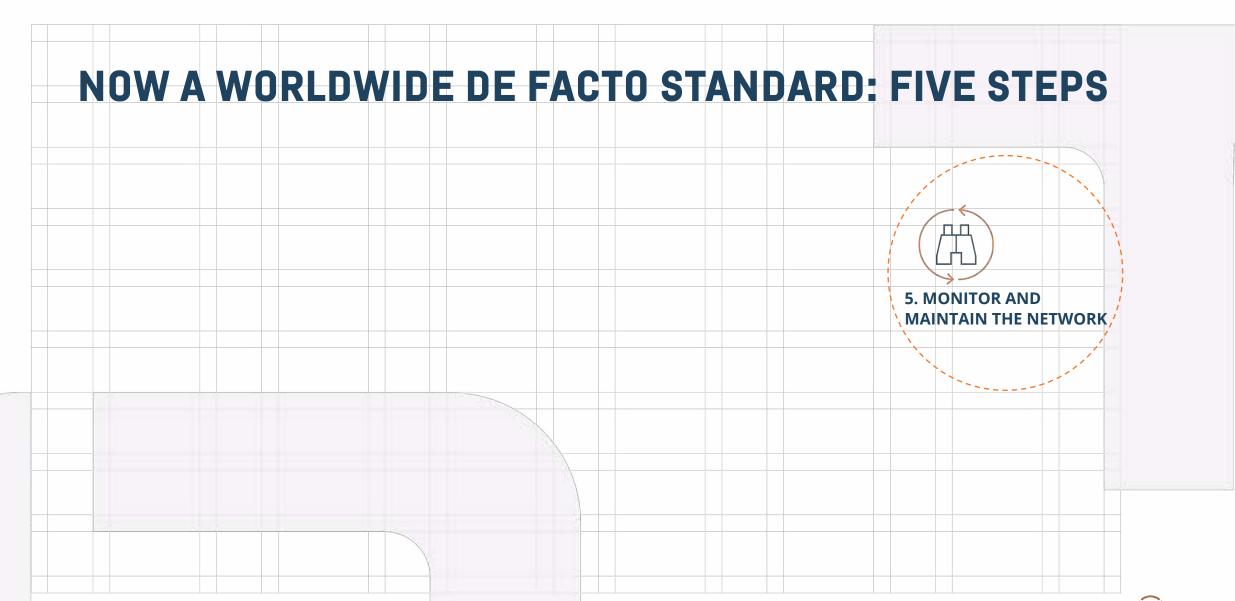
Centrallyed IAM There is just one single source of Exploit Prevention

Endpoints are protected against:

SSt. inbound Decryption Decryption of traffic where you KRI, KPI

Key risk and performance:









CLOSER LOOK AT STEP 5

Why it matters?

- Validation that prevention works
- Respond to threats, especially APT
- Evidence (DORA, NIS2; non-repudiation)
- PDCA continuous improvement

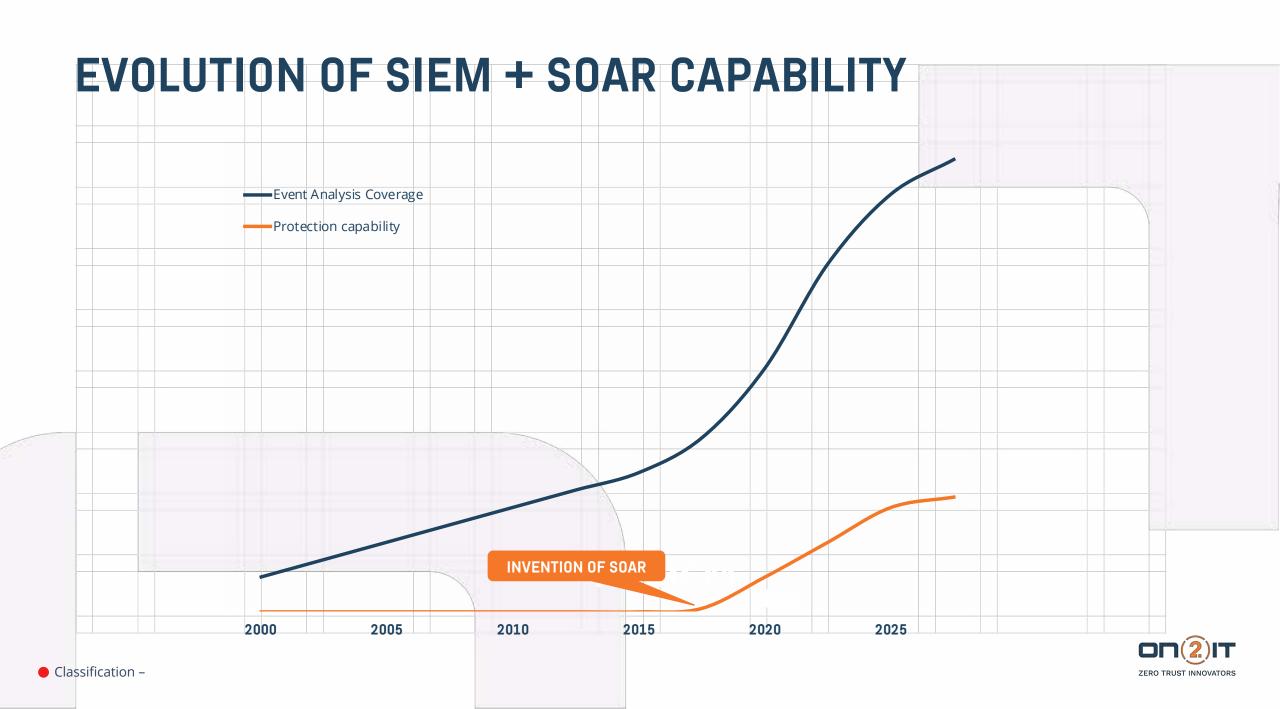








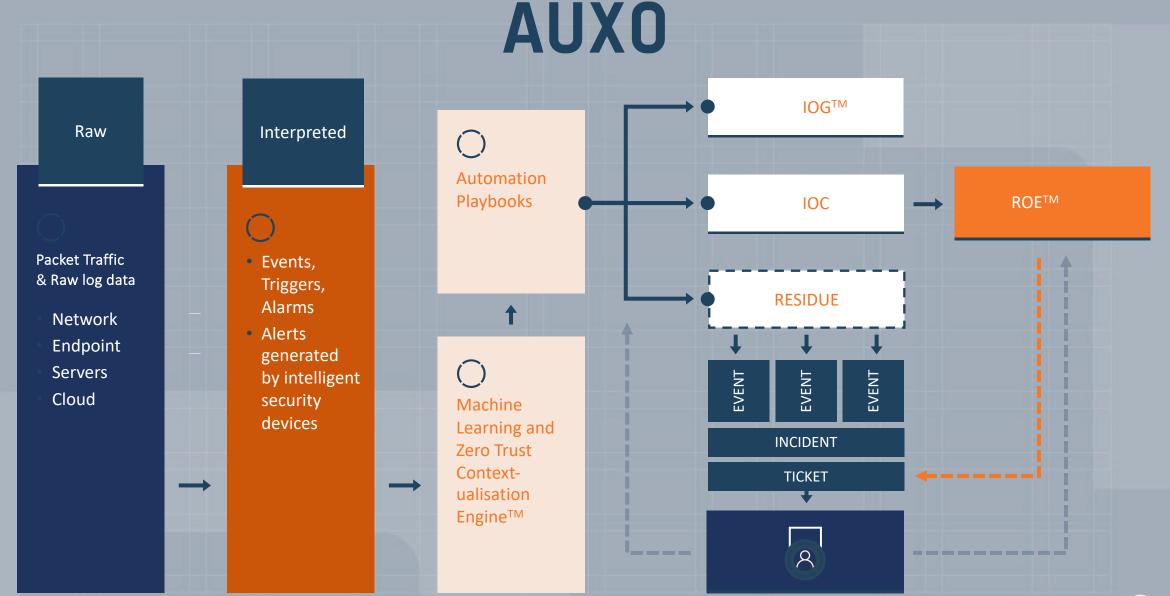




RESULT OF SIEM EVOLUTION

- Better coverage of log analysis
- However: still rearview mirror
- Protection capability is very limited SOAR acts at end of killchain

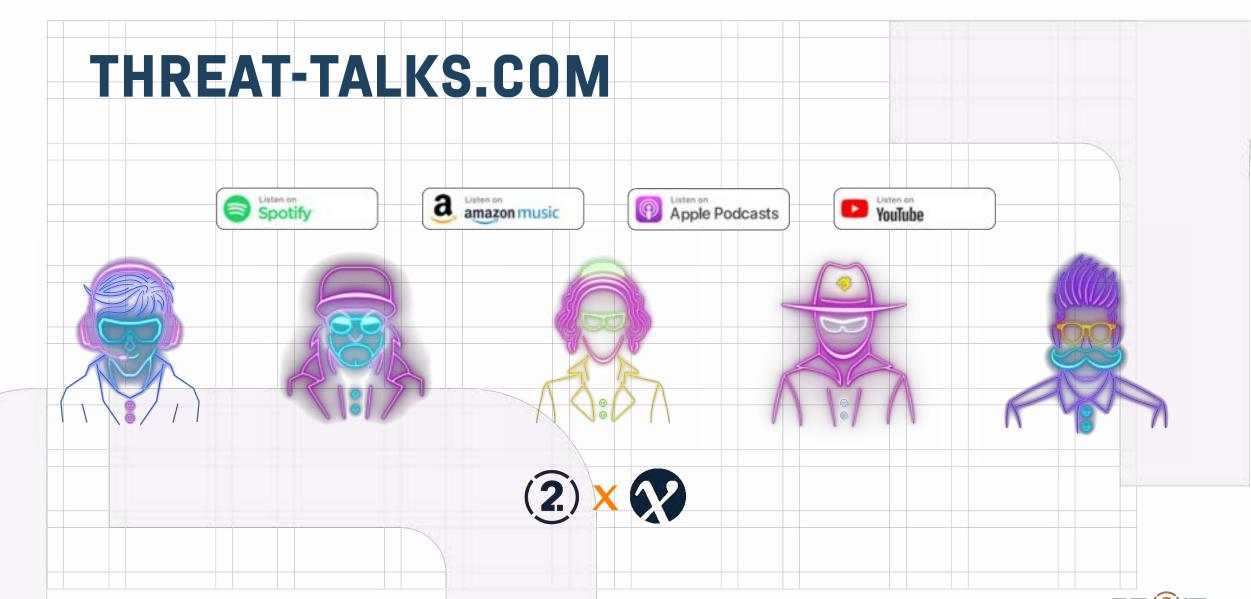




KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Balance shift from **A only** to **CIA**
- SOC + SOAR must focus on prevention
- Make Zero Trust happen!







THANK YOU!



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